

**Legislative Committee**  
**Friday, December 11, 2020**

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**[AB 1](#)**

**(Garcia, Cristina D) Hazardous waste.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would create the Board of Environmental Safety in the California Environmental Protection Agency. The bill would provide requirements for the membership of the board and would require the board to conduct no less than 6 public meetings per year. The bill would provide for the duties of the board, which would include, among others, reviewing specified policies, processes, and programs within the hazardous waste control laws; proposing statutory, regulatory, and policy changes; and hearing and deciding appeals of hazardous waste facility permit decisions and certain financial assurance decisions.

**[AB 4](#)**

**(Arambula D) Medi-Cal: eligibility.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would, effective January 1, 2022, extend eligibility for full scope Medi-Cal benefits to anyone regardless of age, and who is otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status, pursuant to an eligibility and enrollment plan. The bill would delete the specified provisions regarding individuals who are under 25 years of age or 65 years of age or older and delaying implementation until the director makes the determination described above. The bill would require the eligibility and enrollment plan to ensure that an individual maintains continuity of care with respect to their primary care provider, as prescribed, would provide that an individual is not limited in their ability to select a different health care provider or Medi-Cal managed care health plan, and would require the department to provide monthly updates to the appropriate policy and fiscal committees of the Legislature on the status of the implementation of these provisions

**[AB 11](#)**

**(Ward D) Climate change: regional climate change coordinating groups.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would require the Strategic Growth Council, by January \_\_\_\_, 2023, to establish up to 12 regional climate change coordinating groups to develop and work on climate adaptation for their communities. The bill would authorize the regional climate change coordinating groups to engage in certain activities to address climate change.

**[AB 13](#)**

**(Chau D) Personal rights: automated decision systems.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would enact the Automated Decision Systems Accountability Act of 2021. The bill would require a business in California that provides a person, as defined, with a program or device that uses an automated decision system (ADS) to take affirmative steps to ensure that there are processes in place to continually test for biases during the development and usage of the ADS, conduct an ADS impact assessment on its program or device to determine whether the ADS has a disproportionate adverse impact on a protected class, as specified, examine if the ADS in question serves reasonable objectives and furthers a legitimate interest, and compare the ADS to alternatives or reasonable modifications that may be taken to limit adverse consequences on protected classes.

**[AB 19](#)**

**(Santiago D) Unemployment insurance compensation: COVID-19 pandemic: temporary benefits.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** The federal Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) temporarily provides for expanded unemployment benefits through the federal Pandemic Unemployment Assistance (PUA) and Pandemic Emergency Unemployment Compensation (PEUC) provisions of the CARES Act. This bill would require the Employment Development Department to provide, until July 1, 2022, following the termination of assistance pursuant to PUA and PEUC or any other federal or state supplemental unemployment compensation payments for unemployment due to the COVID-19 pandemic, in addition to an individual's weekly benefit amount as otherwise provided for by existing unemployment compensation law, unemployment compensation benefits equivalent to the terminated federal or state supplemental unemployment compensation payments for the remainder of the duration of time the individual is unemployed due to the COVID-19 pandemic, notwithstanding the weekly benefit cap. The bill would prohibit any unemployment compensation benefits authorized by the bill from being charged against the reserve account of any employer.

[\*\*AB 20\*\*](#)

**(Lee D) Political Reform Act of 1974: campaign contributions: The Clean Money Act of 2021.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** The Political Reform Act of 1974 imposes various limitations on contributions that may be made to, or accepted by, candidates for elective office. A violation of the act's provisions is punishable as a misdemeanor and subject to specified penalties. This bill, the Clean Money Act of 2021, would prohibit a candidate for elective office from receiving a contribution from a business entity, and a business entity from making a contribution to a candidate for elective office, and would make related findings and declarations.

[\*\*AB 24\*\*](#)

**(Waldron R) Unemployment insurance: benefit determination deadlines.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Current law establishes procedures for the filing, determination, and payment of benefit claims, and those benefits are payable from the Unemployment Fund. Current law requires the department to promptly pay benefits if it finds the claimant is eligible and to promptly deny benefits if it finds the claimant is ineligible for benefits. Current law requires the department to consider facts submitted by an employer in making this determination and also provides for the department to audit claims, as specified. Existing law provides a procedure for a claimant or a base employer to challenge a determination of the computation or recomputation of the benefits. This bill would require the department to provide a claimant with a notification of the computation used to determine their benefits within 30 days of the receipt of the claim and to respond to a challenge by the claimant or the base employer based on the computation or recomputation of benefits within 15 days of the receipt of the protest, except as specified.

[\*\*AB 33\*\*](#)

**(Ting D) Natural gas.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Current law vests the Department of General Services with the authority to supervise the design and construction of a school building or the reconstruction or alteration of or addition to a school building to ensure that plans and specifications comply with applicable rules and regulations and building standards, and to ensure that the work of construction has been performed in accordance with the approved plans and specifications, for the protection of life and property. This bill would prohibit the department from approving or providing funding from the construction on new school buildings that have natural gas connections.

[\*\*AB 54\*\*](#)

**(Kiley R) COVID-19 emergency order violation: license revocation.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would prohibit the Department of Consumer Affairs, a board within the Department of Consumer Affairs, and the Department of Alcoholic Beverage Control from revoking a license for failure to comply with any COVID-19 emergency orders unless the board or department can prove that lack of compliance resulted in transmission of COVID-19.

[\*\*AB 62\*\*](#)

**(Gray D) Income taxes: credits: costs to comply with COVID-19 regulations.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law allow various credits against the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill would allow a credit against those taxes for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2021, to a qualified taxpayer, as defined, in an amount equal to the total amount paid or incurred during the taxable year by the qualified taxpayer to comply with the regulations adopted by the Occupational Safety and Health Standards Board on November 19, 2020, relating to COVID-19 prevention and approved by the Office of Administrative Law. The bill also would state the intent of the Legislature to comply with the additional information requirement for any bill authorizing a new income tax credit.

[\*\*AB 71\*\*](#)

**(Rivas, Luz D) Statewide homelessness solutions program.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to create a comprehensive, statewide homelessness solutions program. This bill would create the Bring California Home Fund in the State Treasury for the purpose of providing at least \$2,400,000 annually to fund a comprehensive, statewide homeless solutions program upon appropriation by the Legislature. The bill would require the Bring California Home Fund to contain revenues derived from specified changes to the Personal Income Tax Law or the Corporation Tax Law that are enacted on or after the effective of the date of this bill.

[\*\*AB 91\*\*](#)

**(Valladares R) Taxation: corporations: minimum franchise tax: limited liability companies: annual**

**tax: small businesses: microbusinesses.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, reduce the minimum franchise tax to \$400 for small businesses, as defined, and to \$200 for microbusinesses, as defined. The bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2021, would also reduce the annual tax for the limited liability companies described above that are small businesses to \$400 and that are microbusinesses to \$200. The bill would also state the intent of the Legislature to comply with the additional information requirement for any bill authorizing a new tax expenditure.

**AB 95 (Low D) Employees: bereavement leave.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would enact the Bereavement Leave Act of 2021. The bill would require an employer with 25 or more employees to grant an employee up to 10 business days of unpaid bereavement leave upon the death of a spouse, child, parent, sibling, grandparent, grandchild, or domestic partner, in accordance with certain procedures, and subject to certain exclusions. The bill would require an employer with fewer than 25 employees to grant up to 3 business days of leave, in accordance with these provisions. The bill would prohibit an employer from interfering with or restraining the exercise or attempt to exercise the employee's right to take this leave.

**AB 96 (O'Donnell D) California Clean Truck, Bus, and Off-Road Vehicle and Equipment Technology Program.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be heard in committee January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-A. PRINT

**Summary:** The California Clean Truck, Bus, and Off-Road Vehicle and Equipment Technology Program, upon appropriation from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund, funds zero- and near-zero-emission truck, bus, and off-road vehicle and equipment technologies and related projects. The program provides that projects eligible for funding include, among others, technology development, demonstration, precommercial pilots, and early commercial deployments of zero- and near-zero-emission medium- and heavy-duty truck technology, and requires, until December 31, 2021, no less than 20% of funding made available for that purpose to support early commercial deployment of existing zero- and near-zero-emission heavy-duty truck technology. The program defines "zero- and near-zero-emission" for its purposes. This bill would extend the requirement that 20% of funding be made available to support early commercial deployment of existing zero- and near-zero-emission heavy-duty truck technology until December 31, 2026.

**SB 5 (Atkins D) Housing: bond act.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would authorize the issuance of bonds and would require the proceeds from the sale of those bonds to be used to finance housing-related programs that serve the homeless and extremely low income and very low income Californians.

**SB 6 (Caballero D) Local planning: housing: commercial zones.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law requires each county and city to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan for its physical development, and the development of certain lands outside its boundaries, that includes, among other mandatory elements, a housing element. This bill, the Neighborhood Homes Act, would deem a housing development project, as defined, an allowable use on a neighborhood lot, which is defined as a parcel within an office or retail commercial zone that is not adjacent to an industrial use. The bill would require the density for a housing development under these provisions to meet or exceed the density deemed appropriate to accommodate housing for lower income households according to the type of local jurisdiction, including a density of at least 20 units per acre for a suburban jurisdiction.

**SB 7 (Atkins D) Environmental quality: Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2021.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

**Summary:** The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that the lead agency proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that

effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA authorizes the preparation of a master EIR and authorizes the use of the master EIR to limit the environmental review of subsequent projects that are described in the master EIR, as specified. This bill would require a lead agency to prepare a master EIR for a general plan, plan amendment, plan element, or specific plan for housing projects where the state has provided funding for the preparation of the master EIR.

**[SB 15](#)**

**(Portantino D) Housing development: incentives: rezoning of idle retail sites.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Current law establishes, among other housing programs, the Workforce Housing Reward Program, which requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to make local assistance grants to cities, counties, and cities and counties that provide land use approval to housing developments that are affordable to very low and low-income households. This bill, upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act or other statute, would require the department to administer a program to provide incentives in the form of grants allocated as provided to local governments that rezone idle sites used for a big box retailer or a commercial shopping center to instead allow the development of workforce housing

**[SB 38](#)**

**(Wieckowski D) Beverage containers.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Would require beverage manufacturers in the state to form a beverage container stewardship organization. The organization would be required to develop and submit to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery a plan, annual report, and budget for the recovery and recycling of empty beverage containers in the state similar to that described in the Used Mattress Recovery and Recycling Act. The bill would require the organization to establish a stewardship fee, to be paid by beverage manufacturer members of the organization, to assist in covering the costs of implementing the beverage container stewardship program. The bill would require the organization to reimburse the department for the department's costs of enforcing the program.

**[SB 46](#)**

**(Stern D) Employment: contact tracing and safety policies: COVID-19.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Current law requires an employer to furnish employment and a place of employment that is safe and healthful for its employees. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require an employer to develop and implement contact tracing and safety policies for its employees, including requiring notice to the employer when an employee receives a positive COVID-19 test.

**[SB 49](#)**

**(Umberg D) Business fees: reimbursement: waiver: Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Would express the intent of the Legislature to enact future legislation that would reimburse or waive state or locally mandated operating fees for businesses that are unable to operate due to statewide or local actions or ordinances instituted as a result of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

**[SB 54](#)**

**(Allen D) Solid waste: disposable packaging and food ware.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact the Plastic Pollution Producer Responsibility Act, which would significantly reduce the amount of disposable packaging and food ware waste entering California's waste stream, polluting oceans, littering local communities and beaches, and costing local governments millions of dollars in cleanup costs through source reduction requirements and increased composting and recycling.

**[SB 62](#)**

**(Durazo D) Employment: garment manufacturing.**

**Status:** 12/8/2020-From printer. May be acted upon on or after January 7.

**Location:** 12/7/2020-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Current law makes garment manufacturers liable for guaranteeing payment of wages to employees of their contractors. This bill would expand the definition of garment manufacturing to include dyeing, altering a garment's design, and affixing a label to a garment. The bill would prohibit any employee engaged in the performance of garment manufacturing to be paid by the piece or unit, or by the piece rate, except as specified. The bill would impose statutory damages of \$200 against a garment manufacturer or contractor, payable to the employee, for each pay period in which the employee is paid by the piece rate.

**Total Measures: 23**

**Total Tracking Forms: 23**